



Lumbar Puncture

JAMA. 2002;288(16):2070 (doi:10.1001/jama.288.16.2070)

Online article and related content
current as of November 22, 2009.

Supplementary material

Spanish PDF

<http://jama.ama-assn.org/cgi/content/full/288/16/2070/DC1>

Correction

[Contact me if this article is corrected.](#)

Citations

[Contact me when this article is cited.](#)

Topic collections

JAMA Patient Page

[Contact me when new articles are published in these topic areas.](#)

Related Articles published in
the same issue

Risk Factors for Traumatic and Bloody Lumbar Puncture in Children With Acute
Lymphoblastic Leukemia

Scott C. Howard et al. *JAMA*. 2002;288(16):2001.

Subscribe

<http://jama.com/subscribe>

Email Alerts

<http://jamaarchives.com/alerts>

Permissions

permissions@ama-assn.org

<http://pubs.ama-assn.org/misc/permissions.dtl>

Reprints/E-prints

reprints@ama-assn.org

Lumbar Puncture

Lumbar puncture, also called a spinal tap, is the procedure doctors use to obtain a sample of **cerebrospinal fluid** (the liquid that surrounds the brain and spinal cord) for tests. Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) is formed in special areas of the brain called **ventricles**. It flows down from the ventricles into the area around the spinal cord. CSF is usually clear and contains small amounts of proteins and sugar (**glucose**).

The October 23/30, 2002, issue of *JAMA* includes an article about lumbar puncture in children with leukemia.

REASONS FOR HAVING A LUMBAR PUNCTURE

- Suspected **meningitis**
- **Leukemia** or **lymphoma**
- Evaluation for neurological diseases, such as **multiple sclerosis**, neuropathy, or recurrent seizures
- Fever of unknown origin

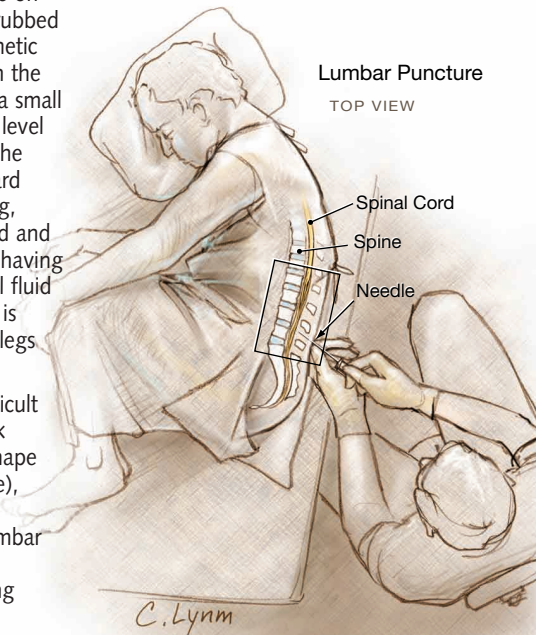
Lumbar puncture is also done by anesthesiologists to administer **spinal anesthesia** (also known as subarachnoid block) for some types of surgery.

For cancer treatment, chemotherapy medications are sometimes injected directly through the lumbar puncture needle into the CSF. The medicine flows freely in the CSF and can go to the brain or spinal cord where it is needed.

WHAT TO EXPECT DURING A LUMBAR PUNCTURE

During a lumbar puncture, you either lie on your side or sit upright. Your back is scrubbed with an antiseptic solution. Local anesthetic medicine is injected into the skin. When the skin is numb from the local anesthetic, a small needle is inserted into your back at the level of the hip bones below the bottom of the spinal cord. The needle is pushed forward gently until the CSF is found. For testing, 1 to 2 teaspoonfuls of fluid are removed and put into special sterile tubes. If you are having a spinal anesthetic for surgery, no spinal fluid is drained out. The anesthetic medicine is injected directly into the CSF, and your legs and buttocks will begin to feel numb.

Sometimes lumbar puncture can be difficult to perform. Persons who have had back surgery, who have an abnormal back shape such as **scoliosis** (curvature of the spine), are pregnant, or are very obese are at special risk for difficulty in doing the lumbar puncture. Lumbar puncture is easier to perform if the patient follows positioning instructions completely.

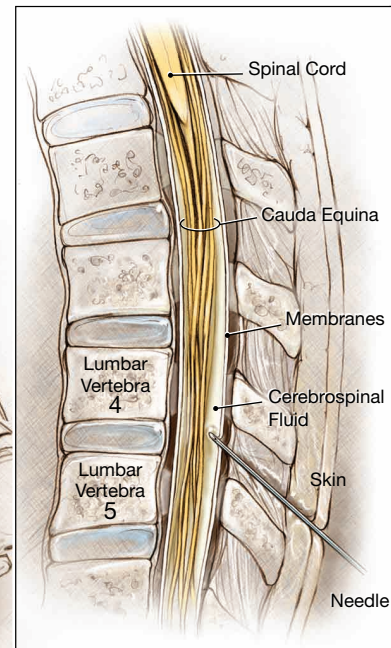


FOR MORE INFORMATION

- American Academy of Pediatrics
www.aap.org
- American Society of Anesthesiologists
www.asahq.org
- Medem
www.medem.com

INFORM YOURSELF

To find this and previous JAMA Patient Pages, go to the Patient Page Index on *JAMA*'s Web site at www.jama.com. They are available in English and Spanish.



Sources: American Academy of Pediatrics, American Society of Anesthesiologists

Janet M. Torpy, MD, Writer

Cassio Lynn, MA, Illustrator

Richard M. Glass, MD, Editor

The JAMA Patient Page is a public service of *JAMA*. The information and recommendations appearing on this page are appropriate in most instances, but they are not a substitute for medical diagnosis. For specific information concerning your personal medical condition, *JAMA* suggests that you consult your physician. This page may be reproduced noncommercially by physicians and other health care professionals to share with patients. Any other reproduction is subject to AMA approval. To purchase bulk reprints, call 718/946-7424.

